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United States Department of Agriculture,

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO RULE 1—TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.

Effective on and after October 1, 1905.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The fact has been determined by the Secretary of Agriculture and notice is hereby given that the contagious and infectious disease known as splenetic, Southern, or Texas, fever is not now known to exist, or exists to a slight extent only, among cattle in certain areas quarantined by Rule 1, dated May 1, 1905, and effective June 1, 1905.

Now, therefore, I, JAMES WILSON, SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, under authority of law, do hereby amend Rule 1, to prevent the spread of splenetic fever in cattle, effective on and after June 1, 1905, in the following particulars, to wit:

First. Exception 1.—That part of Exception 1 modifying the quarantined area for the State of Texas is hereby amended to read as follows:

TEXAS.

Beginning at the intersection of the southern boundary of New Mexico with the international boundary line at the Rio Grande River; thence southeasterly along the said international boundary line to the southwest corner of the county of Pecos; thence following the western boundary line of Pecos County to the point where the roadbed of the G. H. & S. A. Railroad crosses said line; thence in an easterly direction with the center of said roadbed to a point on Section No. 36, Block A2, G. H. & S. A. Railroad Company; thence north with the pasture fence, running in a northerly direction through the eastern part of Sections Nos. 13 and 12, of said Block A2, and across Section 1, G. C. & S. F. Railroad Company; thence continuing north with said pasture fence through the eastern part of Sections Nos. 16, 17, 46, 47, 76, 77, 106, 107, 136, 137, 142, 143, and 194, Block D, M. K. & T. E. Railroad Company; thence continuing in a northerly direction to a point on the north line of Section No. 6, Block 160, G. C. & S. F. Railroad Company, same being corner of pasture fence; thence east with the north line of Sections Nos. 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, Block 160, G. C. & S. F. Railroad Company, to the northeast corner of said Section No. 16, the same being corner of pasture fence; thence in a northerly direction with the east boundary line of Sections Nos. 22, 21, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, and 32, Block 1, C. C. S. D. & R. G. N. G. Railroad

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Company, to the northeast corner of said Section No. 32; thence west with the north boundary line of Sections Nos. 32 and 33, same block, to the northwest corner of Section No. 33, Block 1, C. C. S. D. & R. G. N. G. Railroad Company, corner of fence; thence north with the east boundary line of Sections Nos. 1, 12, 13, 24, 25, 36, 37, 48, 49, 60, 61, and 72, Block 2, C. C. S. D. & R. G. N. G. Railroad Company to the northeast corner of said Section No. 72; thence in an easterly direction with the pasture fence to the southeast corner of Section No. 9, patented to James E. Evans; thence north with the east line of said Section No. 9 to the northwest corner of Section No. 100, Block A2, T. C. Railroad Company; thence east with the north boundary line of said Sections Nos. 100 and 89, same block, to the northeast corner of said Section No. 89, Block A2, T. C. Railroad Company; thence north with the east boundary line of Sections Nos. 90, 91, 92, and 93, to the southeast corner of Section No. 94, Block A2, T. C. Railroad Company; thence northwest diagonally across Section No. 94 to the northwest corner of said section; thence continuing in a northwesterly direction diagonally across Sections Nos. 14, 18, and 28 to the northeast corner of Section No. 29, Block C4, G. C. & S. F. Railroad Company; thence west with the north boundary line of said Section No. 29 to the northwest corner of said section; thence northwest diagonally across Section No. 1, T. C. Railroad Company, Section No. 97, Block 194, G. C. & S. F. Railroad Company, to the northeast corner of Section No. 96; thence in a northerly direction across Section No. 94 to a point on its north boundary line 600 varas west of its northeast corner; thence continuing north through Sections Nos. 93, 90, 89, 86, 85, and 58, Block 194, G. C. & S. F. Railroad Company, to a point on the north boundary line of said Section No. 58; thence northwesterly with the pasture fence through Section No. 59, to the northeast corner of Section No. 82 and the southeast corner of Section No. 81, same block; thence continuing northwesterly to Section No. 17, H. & G. N. Railroad Company; thence north with the east line of said Section 17 to the Pecos River; thence northwesterly with said Pecos River to the northwest corner of Crockett County; thence east along the northern boundary of Crockett and Schleicher counties to the southeastern corner of Irion County; thence north along the eastern boundary of Irion County to the northeast corner of said county; thence continuing due north to the southern boundary line of Coke County; thence west with the southern boundary of Coke County to the southwest corner of Coke County; thence north along the western boundary of Coke County to the southern boundary of Mitchell County; thence east to the southeast corner of Mitchell County; thence north along the eastern boundary of Mitchell County to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern boundaries of Fisher and Jones counties to the southeast corner of Jones County; thence north along the eastern boundary of Jones County to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern boundary of Haskell County to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the western boundary lines of Throckmorton and Baylor counties to the northwest corner of Baylor County; thence east along the southern boundary of Wilbarger County to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the eastern boundary of Wilbarger County to the Red River; thence continuing in a northwesterly direction, along the course of said river and the northern boundary of Texas to the southwest corner of Greer County, Oklahoma Territory;

thence north, following the eastern boundary line of Texas to the north-west corner of said Greer County.

Second. Exception 4.—TEXAS. That part of Exception 4 which provides that no cattle shall be moved or allowed to move without inspection from the counties of Crane, Scurry, Fisher, and that portion of Pecos County lying north and west of the line through Pecos County described in Exception 4, is hereby revoked.

Third. The following additional exception to Rule 1, numbered Exception 11, is hereby promulgated and added to Rule 1:

Exception 11.—VIRGINIA. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified, no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area shall be moved or allowed to move into that portion of Campbell County, Virginia, situate north and east of the line beginning at the Evington, Rustburg, and Concord public road where it crosses the western line of said county; thence easterly along said road to Rustburg; thence northerly and easterly along said road to Concord; thence due east to the Campbell County line.

No cattle shall be moved or allowed to move from that portion of Campbell County, Virginia, above described, to any portion of the State of Virginia located outside of the modified quarantined area until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and written permission is given by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry or by a duly authorized inspector of the State of Virginia; and no cattle from the said portion of Campbell County, Virginia, shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point not in the State of Virginia which is located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the shipment is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Done at Washington this twenty-third day of September, 1905.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.



JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

United States Department of Agriculture,

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

RULE 1.—REVISION 1.—TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.

Effective on and after February 1, 1906.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The fact has been determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, and notice is hereby given, that a contagious and infectious disease known as splenetic, Southern, or Texas, fever exists among cattle in the following named States and Territories, to wit:

CALIFORNIA, OKLAHOMA, INDIAN TERRITORY, TEXAS, ARKANSAS, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI, TENNESSEE, ALABAMA, KENTUCKY, VIRGINIA, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, GEORGIA, AND FLORIDA.

Now, therefore, I, JAMES WILSON, SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, under authority conferred by Section 1 of the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1905 (33 Stat., 1264), do hereby quarantine the following area, to wit:

All territory situate within the boundaries of California, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Tennessee, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, and that portion of the territory in the State of Kentucky situate in the counties of Clinton and Wayne, and that portion of Pulaski County situate south of the Cumberland River and west of the South Fork of the Cumberland River.

It is ordered by this Rule, under the authority and discretion conferred on the Secretary of Agriculture by Section 3 of the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1905 (33 Stat., 1265), that cattle shall be moved from the area herein quarantined to any point not located in the said quarantined area only in accordance with the Regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture promulgated May 1, 1905, and effective June 1, 1905, as amended, subject to the following exceptions, to wit:

Exception 1.—The following-named States and Territory have established State and Territorial quarantine lines differing from the line established by the Secretary of Agriculture, which are as follows, to wit:

CALIFORNIA.

Beginning on the Pacific coast where the northern boundary line of San Luis Obispo County connects with the Pacific Ocean; thence easterly along the northern boundary line of San Luis Obispo County to

its junction with the western boundary of Kings County; thence northwesterly along the western boundary of Kings and Fresno counties to the western corner of Fresno County; thence northerly, easterly, and southerly along the western, northern, and eastern boundary line of Merced County to the southeast corner thereof; thence northeasterly along the northern boundary of Madera County to the northeast corner thereof; thence southerly and easterly along the eastern boundary lines of Madera, Fresno, and Tulare counties to the southeast corner of Tulare County; thence easterly along the southern boundary line of Inyo County to its intersection with the eastern boundary line of the State of California.

TEXAS.

Beginning at the intersection of the southern boundary of New Mexico with the international boundary line at the Rio Grande River; thence following along the said international boundary line to the southwest corner of the county of Pecos; thence following the western boundary line of Pecos County to the point where the roadbed of the G., H. & S. A. Railroad crosses said line; thence in an easterly direction with the center of said roadbed to a point on Section No. 36, Block A2, G., H. & S. A. Railroad Company; thence north with the pasture fence, running in a northerly direction through the eastern part of Sections Nos. 13 and 12 of said Block A2 and across Section 1, G., C. & S. F. Railroad Company; thence continuing north with said pasture fence through the eastern part of Sections Nos. 16, 17, 46, 47, 76, 77, 106, 107, 136, 137, 142, 143, and 194, Block D, M., K. & T. E. Railroad Company; thence continuing in a northerly direction to a point on the north line of Section No. 6, Block 160, G., C. & S. F. Railroad Company, same being corner of pasture fence; thence east with the north line of Sections Nos. 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, Block 160, G., C. & S. F. Railroad Company, to the northeast corner of said Section No. 16, the same being corner of pasture fence; thence in a northerly direction with the east boundary line of Sections Nos. 22, 21, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, and 32, Block 1, C. C. S. D. & R. G. N. G. Railroad Company, to the northeast corner of said Section No. 32; thence west with the north boundary line of Sections Nos. 32 and 33, same block, to the northwest corner of Section No. 33, Block 1, C. C. S. D. & R. G. N. G. Railroad Company, corner of fence; thence north with the east boundary line of Sections Nos. 1, 12, 13, 24, 25, 36, 37, 48, 49, 60, 61, and 72, Block 2, C. C. S. D. & R. G. N. G. Railroad Company to the northeast corner of said Section No. 72; thence in an easterly direction with the pasture fence to the southeast corner of Section No. 9, patented to James E. Evans; thence north with the east line of said Section No. 9 to the northwest corner of Section No. 100, Block A2, T. C. Railroad Company; thence east with the north boundary line of said Sections Nos. 100 and 89, same block, to the northeast corner of said Section No. 89, Block A2, T. C. Railroad Company; thence north with the east boundary line of Sections Nos. 90, 91, 92, and 93 to the southeast corner of Section No. 94, Block A2, T. C. Railroad Company; thence northwest diagonally across Section No. 94 to the northwest corner of said section; thence continuing in a northwesterly direction diagonally across Sections Nos. 14, 18, and 28 to the northeast corner of Section No. 29, Block C4, G. C. & S. F. Railroad Company; thence

west with the north boundary line of said Section No. 29 to the northwest corner of said section; thence northwest diagonally across Section No. 1, T. C. Railroad Company, Section No. 97, Block 194, G. C. & S. F. Railroad Company, to the northeast corner of Section No. 96; thence in a northerly direction across Section No. 94 to a point on its north boundary line 600 varas west of its northeast corner; thence continuing north through Sections Nos. 93, 90, 89, 86, 85, and 58, Block 194, G. C. & S. F. Railroad Company, to a point on the north boundary line of said Section No. 58; thence northwesterly with the pasture fence through Section No. 59 to the northeast corner of Section No. 82 and the southeast corner of Section No. 81, same block; thence continuing northwesterly to Section No. 17, H. & G. N. Railroad Company; thence north with the east line of said Section 17 to the Pecos River; thence northwesterly with said Pecos River to the northwest corner of Crockett County; thence east along the northern boundary of Crockett and Schleicher counties to the southeastern corner of Irion County; thence north along the eastern boundary of Irion County to the northeast corner of said county; thence continuing due north to the southern boundary line of Coke County; thence west with the southern boundary of Coke County to the southwest corner of Coke County; thence north along the western boundary of Coke County to the southern boundary of Mitchell County; thence east to the southeast corner of Mitchell County; thence north along the eastern boundary of Mitchell County to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern boundaries of Fisher and Jones counties to the southeast corner of Jones County; thence north along the eastern boundary of Jones County to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern boundary of Haskell County to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the western boundary lines of Throckmorton and Baylor counties to the northwest corner of Baylor County; thence east along the southern boundary of Wilbarger County to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the eastern boundary of Wilbarger County to the Red River; thence continuing in a northwesterly direction along the course of said river and the northern boundary of Texas to the southwest corner of Greer County, Oklahoma Territory; thence north, following the eastern boundary line of Texas to the northwest corner of said Greer County.

OKLAHOMA.

Beginning on the Red River at the northwestern corner of Wichita County, Tex.; thence northwesterly along the course of said river to the southwest corner of Greer County; thence north along the western boundary of Greer County to the northwest corner thereof; thence easterly and southerly along the southern boundary of Roger Mills county to the southeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern boundary line of Washita County to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the eastern boundary lines of Washita and Custer counties to the Canadian River; thence in a southeasterly direction along the course of said river to the southeast corner of Canadian County; thence north along the eastern boundary line of Canadian County to the northwest corner of Cleveland County; thence east, along the northern line of Cleveland County to the middle of the right of way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway; thence north-

erly following the middle of said right of way through Oklahoma, Logan, Noble, and Payne counties, and the Otoe and Missouri and Ponca Indian reservations to the northern boundary of the Ponca Indian Reservation; thence east along the northern boundary of the Ponca Indian Reservation to the Arkansas River; thence in a northerly direction following the course of the said river to its intersection with the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude at the southern boundary line of Kansas.

TENNESSEE.

Beginning on the Mississippi River at the southeast corner of the State of Missouri at the western boundary of Tennessee; thence southerly along the western boundaries of the counties of Dyer and Lauderdale; thence following the main channel of the Mississippi River (leaving Island No. 37 to the north and west) to the northwestern corner of Shelby County, on the Mississippi River; thence easterly along the northern boundary lines of Shelby and Fayette counties to the southwestern corner of Haywood County; thence northerly along the western boundary line of Haywood County to the Big Hatchie River; thence southeasterly along said river to its intersection with the southern boundary line of Haywood County; thence east and north along the southern and eastern boundary lines of Haywood County to the northeastern corner of said county; thence following the northern boundary line of Madison County to the southwest corner of Carroll County; thence northerly and easterly along the western and northern boundary lines of Carroll County to the northeast corner of said county; thence southerly along the eastern boundary of said county to its intersection with the N. C. & St. L. Railway; thence easterly along the middle of the roadbed of said railway through Benton County to the intersection of said N. C. & St. L. Railway with the Tennessee River at the eastern boundary of Benton County; thence southerly along the eastern boundaries of Benton and Decatur counties to the northwest corner of Wayne County; thence easterly along the northern boundary line of Wayne County to the southeast corner of Perry County; thence northerly, easterly, and southerly along the western, northern, and eastern boundaries of Lewis County to the northern boundary line of Lawrence County; thence easterly along the northern boundary of Lawrence County to the northeast corner thereof; thence southerly along the eastern boundary of Lawrence County to the southeast corner thereof; thence east along the southern boundary of Giles County to Elk River; thence northeasterly along said river, through Giles and Lincoln counties, to the eastern boundary of Lincoln County; thence northerly and easterly along the western and northern boundaries of Moore County to the northeast corner of Moore County; thence northerly along the western boundary lines of Coffee and Cannon counties to the northwest corner of Cannon County; thence northeasterly and southeasterly along the northern and eastern boundaries of Cannon County to the boundary of Warren County; thence easterly along the northern boundary of Warren County to the western boundary of White County; thence northeasterly and southeasterly along the western and northern boundaries of White County to the western boundary of Cumberland County; thence southerly, easterly, and northeasterly along the western, southern, and eastern boundaries of Cumberland County to the northern corner of Rhea County; thence south-

erly along the eastern boundary lines of Rhea and James counties to the boundary line of Bradley County; thence northerly and southeasterly along the northern boundary lines of Bradley and Polk counties to the northeast corner of Polk County; thence southerly along the eastern boundary line of Polk County to the southeast corner thereof at the southwestern corner of North Carolina.

GEORGIA.

Beginning at the intersection of the western boundary line of Union County with the boundary line between the States of Georgia and North Carolina; thence southerly along the western boundary of Union County to the southwest corner thereof; thence northeasterly and easterly along the southern boundary lines of Union and Towns counties to the western corner of Rabun County; thence easterly, southeasterly, and northeasterly along the western, southern, and eastern boundaries of Rabun County to the northeast corner of said county on the boundary between Georgia and North Carolina.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Beginning at the southwest corner of the county of Cherokee; thence east along the southern boundary lines of the counties of Cherokee, Clay, Macon, Jackson, Transylvania, and Henderson to the southwest corner of the county of Polk; thence northerly along the western boundaries of Polk and Rutherford counties to the southern boundary of McDowell County; thence westerly, northerly, and northeasterly along the southern, western, and northern boundaries of McDowell County to the North Fork of the Catawba River; thence southerly along the course of said North Fork to the Catawba River; thence easterly along the course of said river to its intersection with the western boundary line of Burke County; thence southerly and easterly along the western and southern boundaries of said county to the northeastern corner of Cleveland County; thence southerly along the eastern boundary of Cleveland County to the boundary line between North Carolina and South Carolina; thence easterly along said State boundary line to the Catawba River; thence northerly, following the course of the Catawba River, to the southwest corner of Iredell County; thence east along the southern boundary line of Iredell and Rowan counties to the right of way of the main line of the Southern Railway; thence northeasterly, following the right of way of said main line of the Southern Railway, to the Yadkin River; thence northerly along the course of said Yadkin River to the southeast corner of Yadkin County; thence westerly, northerly, and easterly along the southern, western, and northern boundaries of Yadkin County to the southeastern corner of Surry County; thence northerly along the eastern boundary of Surry County to its intersection with the northern boundary line of the State of North Carolina; thence westerly along the northern boundary line of the State of North Carolina to the southwestern corner of Patrick County, Virginia.

VIRGINIA.

Beginning at the boundary line of Virginia at its southwestern corner (Lee County); thence east along the southern boundary of Virginia

to the southwestern corner of Patrick County; thence northerly and easterly along the western boundaries of Patrick and Franklin counties to the northernmost point of Franklin County; thence in a southeasterly and northeasterly direction along the southern and eastern boundaries of Bedford County to the James River; thence following the James River to the southeastern corner of Charles City County; thence northerly and easterly along the western and northern boundaries of James City County to the western boundary of Gloucester County at the York River; thence southerly and northerly along the southern and eastern boundaries of Gloucester County to the northeastern corner of said county; thence easterly and southerly along the northern and eastern boundaries of Mathews County to the southeastern point of said county; thence south to the northern boundary of Elizabeth City County; thence westerly and northerly along the boundaries of Elizabeth City and Warwick counties to the James River; thence southeasterly along the course of the said river to the northwest corner of Norfolk County; thence south along the western boundary of said county to its intersection with the northern boundary of North Carolina; thence east along the southern boundaries of Norfolk and Princess Anne counties to the Atlantic Ocean.

The States and Territory above named have enacted laws necessary to enforce said lines completely within their respective boundaries, and these quarantine lines, subject to the changes contained in *Exception 2*, are hereby adopted, to continue as provided in Regulation 11 of the Regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture, promulgated May 1, 1905, and effective June 1, 1905. *The area herein quarantined is modified accordingly.*

Exception 2.—That portion of the quarantine line for the State of Virginia described in *Exception 1*, beginning at the southwestern corner of Virginia (Lee County) and extending east along the southern boundary line of Virginia to the southwestern corner of Patrick County, Virginia, is hereby suspended during the continuance of the lines for the States of Tennessee and North Carolina, as described in *Exception 1*.

That portion of the quarantine line for the State of North Carolina described in *Exception 1*, beginning at the intersection of the northwest corner of Union County, Georgia, with the North Carolina State line and extending easterly along the southern boundary line of North Carolina to the northeast corner of Rabun County, Georgia, is hereby suspended during the continuance of the line for the State of Georgia, as described in *Exception 1*.

Exception 3.—CALIFORNIA. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area shall be moved or allowed to move into the counties of Kern, Tulare, Kings, San Luis Obispo, Fresno, Madera, and Merced. No cattle shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, from the counties of Kern, Tulare, Kings, San Luis Obispo, Fresno, Madera, and Merced to any

portion of the State of California located outside of the modified quarantined area until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and written permission is given by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry or by a duly authorized inspector of the State of California; and no cattle from said counties shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point, not in the State of California, which is located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the shipment is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Exception 4.—TEXAS. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified, no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area shall be moved or allowed to move into the counties of Baylor and Throckmorton.

No cattle shall be moved or allowed to move from the counties of Childress, Cottle, Hardeman, Foard, Wilbarger, King, Knox, Haskell, Stonewall, Jones, Borden, Howard, Mitchell, Glasscock, Sterling, Irion, Reagan, Upton, Throckmorton, and Baylor, to any portion of the State of Texas located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and written permission is given by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, or by a duly authorized inspector of the State of Texas; and no cattle from said counties shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point not in the State of Texas, which is located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the shipment is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Exception 5.—OKLAHOMA. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified, no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area shall be moved or allowed to move into the counties of Cleveland, Pottawatomie, Lincoln, Pawnee, those portions of Blaine and Canadian counties south of the Canadian River, that portion of Caddo County north of the right of way of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway, that portion of Kiowa County lying north of Comanche County and the line between townships 4 and 5 north, extended westward to its intersection with the North Fork of Red River, those portions of the counties of Oklahoma, Logan, Payne, and Noble lying east of the right of way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway, or into the Kansas Nation or Osage Nation: *Pro-*

vided, That from February 1 to May 5 of each year cattle of said modified quarantined area may be moved into the above-described territory after having been dipped once in Beaumont crude petroleum, or otherwise satisfactorily treated, under the supervision of an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry: *And provided further*, That the cattle after being so dipped or treated are shipped in clean and disinfected cars and are accompanied by a certificate of dipping or treatment issued by the inspector supervising the same.

No cattle shall be moved or allowed to move from the counties of Oklahoma, Logan, Payne, Cleveland, Pottawatomie, Lincoln, Pawnee, Canadian, that portion of Noble County included in the Otoe and Missouri and Ponca Indian reservations, and that portion of Noble County bounded on the north by the Otoe and Missouri Indian Reservation, on the east by Pawnee County, on the south by Payne County, and on the west by the right of way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway, that portion of Blaine County south of the Canadian River, that portion of Caddo County north of the right of way of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway, that portion of Kiowa County lying north of Comanche County and the line between townships 4 and 5 north, extended westward to its intersection with the North Fork of Red River, nor from the Kansas Nation or Osage Nation, to any portion of the Territory of Oklahoma located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and written permission is given by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry or by a duly authorized inspector of the Territory of Oklahoma; and no cattle from said counties, parts of counties, or localities shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point, not in the Territory of Oklahoma, which is located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the shipment is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Exception 6.—TENNESSEE. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified, no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area shall be moved or allowed to move into the counties of Cannon and Moore, that part of Carroll County lying west of the Huntingdon and Paris road and north of the Huntingdon and Trezevant stage road, and that part of Madison County lying north of the right of way of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway and west of the right of way of the Illinois Central Railroad, except that portion of said county lying within the corporate limits of the city of Jackson.

No cattle shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for

immediate slaughter, from the counties of Pickett, Overton, Fentress, Putnam, Dekalb, Cumberland, Cannon, Moore, those portions of the counties of Clay and Jackson lying south and east of the Cumberland River, that portion of Roane County lying north of the Tennessee and Clinch rivers, that part of Carroll County lying west of the Huntingdon and Paris road and north of the Huntingdon and Trezevant stage road, and that part of Madison County lying north of the right of way of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway and west of the right of way of the Illinois Central Railroad, except that portion of said county lying within the corporate limits of the city of Jackson, to any portion of the State of Tennessee located outside of the modified quarantined area until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and written permission is given by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry or by a duly authorized inspector of the State of Tennessee; and no cattle from the said counties or portions thereof shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point not in the State of Tennessee which is located outside of the modified quarantined area until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the shipment is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Exception 7.—NORTH CAROLINA. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified, no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area shall be moved or allowed to move into the counties of Yadkin, Mecklenburg, Cabarrus, Cleveland, Polk, Rutherford, Stokes, Forsyth, Davidson, Rockingham, Guilford, and that part of McDowell lying south of the Catawba River and west of the north fork of said river, and that part of Rowan County south and east of the right of way of the main line of the Southern Railway.

No cattle shall be moved or allowed to move from the above-mentioned counties or portions thereof to any portion of the State of North Carolina located outside of the modified quarantined area except during the months of January, February, March, and December of each year, and then only after having been inspected, found free of infection, and written permission is given by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry or by a duly authorized inspector of the State of North Carolina; and no cattle from the said counties or portions thereof shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point not in the State of North Carolina which is located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the shipment is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement

from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Exception 8.—KENTUCKY. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified, no cattle shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, from the counties of Clinton and Wayne, and that portion of Pulaski County south of the Cumberland River and west of the south fork of the Cumberland River, to any portion of the State of Kentucky located outside of the modified quarantined area until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and written permission is given by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry or by a duly authorized inspector of the State of Kentucky; and no cattle from said counties, or portion of a county, shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point not in the State of Kentucky which is located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the shipment is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Exception 9.—ARKANSAS. During the months of January, February, and March of each year, cattle may, after inspection and certification of freedom from ticks (*Boophilus annulatus*) by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, be moved from the counties of Benton, Washington, Carroll, Madison, Boone, Newton, Marion, Searcy, Baxter, Fulton, Izard, Stone, Sharp, Independence, Randolph, Lawrence, Clay, and Greene to points located outside of the modified quarantined area, for feeding and stocking purposes, subject to the following restrictions, to wit: The cattle shall have been continuously in said counties for not less than thirty days immediately next preceding the date of inspection. Proper facilities shall be afforded for making such inspection. After inspection said cattle shall be moved immediately, without exposure to the infection of splenetic or Texas fever direct to pastures or feed lots, without dividing the herd or shipment. The cattle shall be kept continuously in the State into which they are moved for at least three months after arrival. Permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be forwarded.

No cattle from said counties shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point located outside of the modified quarantined area, unless accompanied by a written permit for the movement from an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry.

Exception 10.—OPEN SEASON. During the months of January, November, and December of each year cattle originating in the modified quarantined area shall not be moved from the modified quarantined area for purposes other than immediate slaughter into the States of Missouri and Kansas, the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico, and those portions of California, Texas, Oklahoma, Tennessee, and Georgia not included in the modified quarantined area until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the movement is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, or by a duly authorized inspector of the State or Territory to which the cattle are destined, nor until permission shall have been obtained from the proper official of the said State or Territory. During the months of January, February, the first fifteen days in March, and the month of December in each year cattle originating in the modified quarantined area may be moved under the above-mentioned restrictions into those portions of the States of Virginia and North Carolina not included in the modified quarantined area.

Cattle originating in and shipped from the modified quarantined area into any State outside of the modified quarantined area, other than those States and Territories and portions thereof set out in this exception, shall not be moved into or unloaded in transit through any of the States or Territories or portions thereof hereinbefore set out in this exception within three months of the date of the movement from the modified quarantined area.

Cattle which are moved from the modified quarantined area into those States or Territories or portions thereof hereinbefore set out in this exception, under certificates from inspectors either of the Bureau of Animal Industry or of the States or Territories to which the cattle are destined for feeding or stocking purposes, shall not be placed in stock pens which have been reserved for cattle originating in the modified quarantined area.

Exception 11.—VIRGINIA. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified, no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area shall be moved or allowed to move into Campbell County.

No cattle shall be moved or allowed to move from Campbell County to any portion of the State of Virginia located outside of the modified quarantined area until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and written permission is given by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, or by a duly authorized inspector of the State of Virginia; and no cattle from Campbell County shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point not in the State of Virginia which is located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the ship-

ment is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Exception 12.—INDIAN TERRITORY. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified, no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area shall be moved or allowed to move, except as hereinafter provided, into Registration Districts Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, being that portion of Cherokee Nation bounded on the south by the northern boundary of the Creek Nation, and a line extended from the northeast corner of said Creek Nation due east to the Arkansas State line:

Provided, That from February 1 to May 5 of each year cattle of said modified quarantined area may be moved into the above-mentioned Registration Districts (Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5) after having been dipped once in Beaumont crude petroleum, or otherwise satisfactorily treated under the supervision of an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry: *And provided further*, That the cattle after being so dipped or treated are shipped in clean and disinfected cars and are accompanied by a certificate of dipping or treatment issued by the inspector supervising the same.

No cattle from said Registration Districts shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point which is located outside of the modified quarantined area until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

FEEDING STATIONS.

Cattle originating outside of the modified quarantined area which are transported by rail through the modified quarantined area may be unloaded for rest, feed, and water into uninfected pens set apart for such cattle at Polk Stock Yards and Union Stock Yards at Fort Worth, Tex.; the stock yards at Baird, Tex.; the Southern Pacific Railway Stock Yards at Los Angeles, Cal.; the stock yards at Colton, Cal., Bakersfield, Cal., and Salisbury, N. C.; and at the Sapulpa Stock Yards of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad at Sapulpa, Ind. T., subject to the following restrictions, to-wit:

The cattle shall be free from ticks (*Boophilus annulatus*) and shall not have been unloaded at any point in the modified quarantined area other than the authorized unloading points named herein. The cattle shall be reloaded into the same cars from which unloaded or into other cleaned and disinfected cars and reshipped as uninfected cattle.

INTERPRETATION.

This Rule must be construed in connection with the Regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture promulgated May 1, 1905, as amended, and is subject to amendment or revision on statutory notice.

Rule 1, dated May 1, 1905, effective June 1, 1905, and Amendment No. 1 to Rule 1, dated September 23, 1905, and effective October 1, 1905, shall cease to be effective on and after February 1, 1906, on and after which date this Revision 1 of Rule 1 shall become and be effective until otherwise ordered.



Done at Washington this twenty-fifth day of January, 1906.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

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U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO RULE 1.—REVISION 1.—TO PREVENT THE
SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.

Effective from April 16 to May 15, 1906.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The provisions of Rule 1, Revision 1, to prevent the spread of splenic fever in cattle, effective on and after February 1, 1906, are hereby modified in so far as the said revised rule affects the county of Greer, in the Territory of Oklahoma, as follows:

Cattle which have been continuously in Greer County, Okla., for not less than sixty days next preceding the date of this amendment may be moved to any part of the State of Texas during the interval from April 16 to May 15, 1906, inclusive: *Provided*, That such cattle shall have been inspected, found free from ticks (*Boophilus annulatus*), and a written permit for their movement is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry: *And further provided*, That cattle so moved shall be kept continuously in the State of Texas for at least three months after arrival.

Done at Washington this thirteenth day of April, 1906.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.



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United States Department of Agriculture,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO RULE 1.—REVISION 1.—TO PREVENT THE
SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.

Effective from May 5 to 15, 1906.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The provisions of Rule 1, Revision 1, to prevent the spread of splenetic fever in cattle, effective on and after February 1, 1906, are hereby modified in the following particulars: Cattle in the modified quarantined area which have been dipped once in Beaumont. crude petroleum or otherwise satisfactorily treated under the supervision of an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, and which are shipped in clean and disinfected cars and are accompanied by a certificate of dipping or treatment issued by the inspector supervising the same, may be moved from May 5 to 15, 1906, inclusive, into Registration Districts Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, of the Cherokee Nation, Indian Territory.

Done at Washington this thirtieth day of April, 1906.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.



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United States Department of Agriculture,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

**AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO RULE 1.—REVISION 1.—TO PREVENT THE
SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.**

Effective from May 5 to 15, 1906.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The provisions of Rule 1, Revision 1, to prevent the spread of splenetic fever in cattle, effective on and after February 1, 1906, are hereby modified in the following particulars: Cattle in the modified quarantined area which have been dipped once in Beaumont crude petroleum or otherwise satisfactorily treated under the supervision of an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, and which are shipped in clean and disinfected cars and are accompanied by certificate of dipping or treatment issued by the inspector supervising the same, may be moved from May 5 to 15, 1906, inclusive, into the Kansas Nation and Osage Nation, Oklahoma Territory.

Done at Washington this fifth day of May,
1906.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.





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United States Department of Agriculture,

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO RULE 1.—REVISION 1.—TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.

Effective on and after June 15, 1906.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

It is ordered that Exception 4 of Rule 1, Revision 1, to prevent the spread of splenetic fever in cattle, effective on and after February 1, 1906, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Exception 4.—TEXAS. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified, no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area shall be moved or allowed to move into the counties of Baylor and Throckmorton.

No cattle shall be moved or allowed to move from the counties of Childress, Cottle, Hardeman, Foard, Wilbarger, King, Knox, Haskell, Stonewall, Jones, Borden, Howard, Mitchell, Glasscock, Sterling, Irion, Reagan, Upton, Throckmorton, Baylor, and those portions of the counties of Pecos and Terrell lying north and west of the quarantine line described in Exception 1 of Rule 1, Revision 1, to any portion of the State of Texas located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and written permission is given by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, or by a duly authorized inspector of the State of Texas; and no cattle from said counties or parts of counties shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point not in the State of Texas, which is located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the shipment is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Done at Washington this twenty-sixth day of May, 1906.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.



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United States Department of Agriculture,

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

AMENDMENT NO. 5 TO RULE 1.—REVISION 1.—TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.

Effective on and after July 15, 1906.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The fact has been determined by the Secretary of Agriculture and notice is hereby given that the infectious disease known as splenetic, southern, or Texas fever is not now known to exist, or exists to a slight extent only, among cattle in certain portions of the State of California quarantined by Rule 1, Revision 1, dated January 25, 1906, and effective February 1, 1906.

Now, therefore, I, JAMES WILSON, SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, under authority of law, do hereby amend Rule 1, Revision 1, to prevent the spread of splenetic fever in cattle, in the following particulars, to-wit:

First.—That part of Exception 1 which describes the quarantine line through the State of California is amended to read as follows:

CALIFORNIA.

Beginning on the Pacific coast where the northern boundary line of San Luis Obispo County connects with the Pacific Ocean; thence easterly along the northern boundary line of San Luis Obispo County to its junction with the western boundary of Kings County; thence northwesterly along the western boundary of Kings and Fresno counties to the northwestern corner of Fresno County; thence northeasterly along the southern boundary of Merced County, and the western, southern, and eastern boundaries of those portions of the Chowchilla and Bliss ranches at present included in Madera County, to the southeastern corner of Merced County; thence continuing northeasterly along the northern boundary of Madera County to the northeast corner thereof; thence southerly and easterly along the eastern boundary lines of Madera, Fresno, and Tulare counties to the southeast corner of Tulare County; thence easterly along the southern boundary line of Inyo County to its intersection with the eastern boundary line of the State of California.

Second.—Exception 3 is amended to read as follows:

Exception 3.—CALIFORNIA. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified, no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area shall be moved or allowed to move into the

counties of Kern, Tulare, Kings, San Luis Obispo, Fresno, and Madera. No cattle shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, from the counties of Kern, Tulare, Kings, San Luis Obispo, Fresno, and that portion of Madera County not at present included in the Chowchilla and Bliss ranches to any portion of the State of California located outside of the modified quarantined area until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and written permission is given by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry or by a duly authorized inspector of the State of California; and no cattle from said counties and portion of a county shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point, not in the State of California, which is located outside of the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free of infection, and a written permit for the shipment is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Done at Washington this second day of July, 1906.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.



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United States Department of Agriculture,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

AMENDMENT NO. 6 TO RULE 1.—REVISION 1.—TO PREVENT THE
SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.

Effective on and after October 1, 1906.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

It is ordered, That Exceptions 5 and 12 of Rule 1, Revision 1, to prevent the spread of splenetic fever in cattle, effective on and after February 1, 1906, be and the same are hereby amended in the following particulars, to wit:

First.—The first paragraph of Exception 5 is amended to read as follows:

Exception 5.—OKLAHOMA. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area and no tick-infested horses or mules shall be moved or allowed to move, except as hereinafter provided, into the counties of Cleveland, Pottawatomie, Lincoln, Pawnee, those portions of Blaine and Canadian counties south of the Canadian River, that portion of Caddo County north of the right of way of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway, and that portion of Kiowa County lying north of Comanche County and the line between townships 4 and 5 north, extended westward to its intersection with the North Fork of Red River, those portions of the counties of Oklahoma, Logan, Payne, and Noble lying east of the right of way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway, or into the Kansas Nation or Osage Nation: *Provided,* That from October 1 of each year to May 15 of the following year cattle of said modified quarantined area and tick-infested horses and mules may be moved into the above-described territory after having been satisfactorily dipt in Beaumont crude petroleum, or otherwise properly treated, under the supervision of an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry: *And provided further,* That such animals after being so dipt or treated shall be shipped in clean and disinfected cars and shall be accompanied by a certificate of dipping or treatment issued by the inspector supervising the same.

Second.—Exception 12 is amended to read as follows:

Exception 12.—INDIAN TERRITORY. During the continuance of the quarantine as herein established and modified no cattle originating in the said modified quarantined area and no tick-infested horses or

mules shall be moved or allowed to move, except as hereinafter provided, into Registration Districts Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, being that portion of Cherokee Nation bounded on the south by the northern boundary of the Creek Nation, and a line extended from the northeast corner of said Creek Nation due east to the Arkansas State line:

Provided, That from October 1 of each year to May 15 of the following year cattle of said modified quarantined area and tick-infested horses and mules may be moved into the above-mentioned Registration Districts (Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5) after having been satisfactorily dipt in Beaumont crude petroleum, or otherwise properly treated under the supervision of an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry: *And provided further*, That such animals after being so dipt or treated shall be shipped in clean and disinfected cars and shall be accompanied by a certificate of dipping or treatment issued by the inspector supervising the same.

No cattle from said Registration Districts shall be moved or allowed to move, except as provided for immediate slaughter, to any point which is located outside of the modified quarantined area until the said cattle shall have been inspected, found free from infection, and a written permit is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, nor until permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Done at Washington this eighteenth day of September, 1906.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.



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United States Department of Agriculture,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

AMENDMENT NO. 7 TO RULE 1, REVISION 1.—TO PREVENT THE
SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.

Effective on and after November 1, 1906.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

It is ordered, That Exception 10 of Rule 1, Revision 1, to prevent the spread of splenetic fever in cattle, effective on and after February 1, 1906, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

Exception 10.—OPEN SEASON. During the months of January, November, and December of each year cattle originating in the modified quarantined area shall not be moved from the modified quarantined area for purposes other than immediate slaughter into the States of Missouri and Kansas, the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico, and those portions of California, Texas, Tennessee, and Georgia not included in the modified quarantined area, until the said cattle shall have been inspected and found free of infection and a written permit for the movement is issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry or by a duly authorized inspector of the State or Territory to which the cattle are destined, nor until permission shall have been obtained from the proper official of the said State or Territory. During the months of January and February, the first fifteen days of March, and the last sixteen days of December in each year cattle originating in the modified quarantined area may be moved under the above-mentioned restrictions into those portions of the States of Virginia and North Carolina not included in the modified quarantined area. During the months of January and December in each year cattle originating in the modified quarantined area may be moved under the above-mentioned restrictions into that portion of Oklahoma not included in the modified quarantined area.

Cattle originating in and shipped from the modified quarantined area into any State outside of the modified quarantined area, other than those States and Territories and portions thereof set out in this exception, shall not be moved into or unloaded in transit thru any of the States or Territories or portions thereof hereinbefore set out in this exception within three months of the date of the movement from the modified quarantined area.

Cattle which are moved from the modified quarantined area into those States or Territories or portions thereof hereinbefore set out in this exception, under certificates from inspectors either of the Bureau of Animal Industry or of the States or Territories to which the cattle are destined for feeding or stocking purposes, shall not be placed in stock pens which have been reserved for cattle originating in the modified quarantined area.



Done at Washington this fifteenth day of October, 1906.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

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United States Department of Agriculture,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

AMENDMENT NO. 8 TO RULE 1, REVISION 1.—TO PREVENT THE
SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.

Effective on and after December 1, 1906.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The fact has been determined by the Secretary of Agriculture and notice is hereby given that the infectious disease known as splenetic, southern, or Texas fever is not now known to exist, or exists to a slight extent only, among cattle in certain counties of the State of Virginia quarantined by Rule 1, Revision 1, dated January 25, 1906, and effective February 1, 1906.

Now, therefore, I, JAMES WILSON, SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, under authority of law, do hereby amend Rule 1, Revision 1, to prevent the spread of splenetic fever in cattle, in the following particulars, to wit:

First.—That part of Exception 1 which describes the quarantine line thru the State of Virginia is amended to read as follows:

VIRGINIA.

Beginning at the boundary line of Virginia at its southwestern corner (Lee County); thence east along the southern boundary of Virginia to the southwestern corner of Patrick County; thence northerly and easterly along the western boundary of Patrick County to the northernmost point of said county; thence easterly and northerly along the southern and eastern boundaries of Franklin County to the northeastern corner of said county; thence easterly along the northern boundaries of Pittsylvania and Halifax counties to the southeastern corner of Campbell County; thence northerly along the eastern boundary of Campbell County to its intersection with the southern boundary of Appomattox County; thence easterly and southeasterly along the southern boundaries of Appomattox, Prince Edward, and Nottoway counties to the southeastern corner of Nottoway County; thence northerly, easterly, westerly, and northeasterly along the eastern boundaries of Nottoway, Amelia, and Powhatan counties to the James River; thence following the James River to the southeastern corner of Charles City County; thence northerly and easterly along the western and northern boundaries of James City County to the York River; thence southeasterly along the boundaries of James City and York counties to the northeastern corner of Elizabeth

City County; thence westerly, northwesterly, and southerly along the boundaries of Elizabeth City and Warwick counties to the James River; thence southeasterly along the course of the said river to the northwest corner of Norfolk County; thence southerly along the western boundary of said county to its intersection with the northern boundary of North Carolina; thence east along the southern boundaries of Norfolk and Princess Anne counties to the Atlantic Ocean.

Second.—Exception 11 is revoked.

Done at Washington this twenty-first day of November, 1906.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

AMENDMENT NO. 9 TO RULE 1, REVISION 1.—TO PREVENT THE
SPREAD OF SPLENETIC FEVER IN CATTLE.

Effective from February 4 to February 28, 1907.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The provisions of Rule 1, Revision 1, to prevent the spread of splenetic fever in cattle, effective on and after February 1, 1906, and Amendment No. 6 thereto, effective on and after October 1, 1906, are hereby modified in so far as they affect the county of Greer, in the Territory of Oklahoma, as follows:

Cattle of Greer County, Okla., may, during the remainder of the month of February, 1907, be moved to any point in the United States not in the Territory of Oklahoma which is located outside of the modified quarantined area: *Provided*, That such cattle first shall have been inspected and found free from ticks (*Boophilus annulatus*), a written permit for their movement shall have been issued by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, and permission shall have been obtained in advance of the movement from the proper official of the State or Territory into which the cattle are to be shipped.

Done at Washington this fourth day of February, 1907.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

W. M. HAYS,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.



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United States Department of Agriculture,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO RULE 2.—TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF
SCABIES IN CATTLE.

Amendment effective on and after September 15, 1905.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The fact has been determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, and notice is hereby given, that the contagious and communicable disease known as scabies is not now known to exist, or exists to a slight extent only, among cattle in certain States and parts of States and Territories quarantined by Rule 2, dated May 1, 1905, and effective June 1, 1905.

Now, therefore, I, JAMES WILSON, SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, do hereby remove and revoke the quarantine placed by Rule 2 upon the following area, to wit:

The States of WASHINGTON AND OREGON; all that part of the State of KANSAS lying east of the western boundary lines of the counties of Smith, Osborne, Russell, Barton, Stafford, Pratt, and Barber; all that part of the State of COLORADO lying west of the summit of the Medicine Bow Range of mountains in Larimer County, the west line of Boulder, Gilpin, Jefferson, Teller, Custer, Huerfano, and Las Animas counties; and also that part of COLORADO lying west of the Ninth Guide Meridian West in Fremont County; the counties of Big Horn, Fremont, Sweetwater, and Uinta in the State of WYOMING; all that part of the State of TEXAS lying east of the 100th meridian of longitude west of Greenwich and north of the 29th parallel of north latitude; the counties of San Juan, Rio Arriba, Taos, McKinley, Bernalillo, Santa Fe, Valencia, Socorro, Lincoln, Grant, Sierra, Luna, Donna Ana, and Otero in the Territory of NEW MEXICO, and all of the Territory of OKLAHOMA except the counties of Woodward and Beaver.

The quarantine placed by Rule 2 upon the above-described territory shall cease to be effective on and after September 15, 1905, on and after which date this Rule shall become and be effective until otherwise ordered.

Done at Washington this thirtieth day of August, 1905.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.



JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

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United States Department of Agriculture,

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO RULE 2.—TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF SCABIES IN CATTLE.

Amendment effective on and after September 15, 1906.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The fact has been determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, and notice is hereby given, that the contagious and communicable disease known as scabies is not now known to exist, or exists to a slight extent only, among cattle in certain States and parts of States and Territories quarantined by Rule 2, dated May 1, 1905, and effective June 1, 1905.

Now, therefore, I, JAMES WILSON, SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, do hereby remove and revoke the quarantine placed by Rule 2 upon the following area, to wit:

The States of WASHINGTON and OREGON; all that part of the State of MONTANA lying west of the western boundary line of the county of Teton and south of the southern boundary lines of the counties of Teton, Chouteau, and Dawson; all that part of the State of WYOMING lying north of the northern boundary lines of the counties of Converse and Natrona, and west of the western boundary lines of the counties of Natrona and Carbon; all that part of the State of COLORADO lying west of the summit of the Medicine Bow Range of mountains in Larimer County, the west line of Boulder, Gilpin, Jefferson, Teller, Custer, Huerfano, and Las Animas counties; and also that part of COLORADO lying west of the Ninth Guide Meridian West in Fremont County; all that part of the Territory of NEW MEXICO lying west of the western boundary lines of the counties of Colfax, Mora, San Miguel, and Guadalupe to the point where the roadbed of the El Paso and Rock Island Railway crosses the western boundary line of Guadalupe County; and also that part of the Territory of NEW MEXICO lying west and north of the rights of way of the El Paso and Rock Island and the El Paso and Northeastern railways in the counties of Torrance, Lincoln, and Otero; all that part of the State of TEXAS lying south of the southern boundary lines of the counties of Andrews, Martin, Howard, Mitchell, Nolan, and Taylor, and east of the 100th meridian of longitude west of Greenwich, except the counties of Nueces, Cameron, and Hidalgo; all of the Ter-

ritory of OKLAHOMA except the counties of Woodward and Beaver; all that part of the State of KANSAS lying east of the western boundary lines of the counties of Barber, Pratt, Stafford, Barton, Russell, Osborne, and Smith; all that part of the State of SOUTH DAKOTA lying east of the Missouri River; all that part of the State of NORTH DAKOTA lying east of the western boundary lines of the counties of Dickey, Lamoure, Barnes, Griggs, Nelson, McHenry, and Bottineau, and north of the southern boundary lines of the counties of Benson, Pierce, and McHenry.

Amendment No. 1 to Rule 2 is hereby revoked, such revocation to take effect on and after September 15, 1906, on and after which date this amendment shall become and be effective until otherwise ordered.

Done at Washington this thirtieth day of August, 1906.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.



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United States Department of Agriculture,
BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

**RULE 5.—TO REVOKE AND TO WITHDRAW THE QUARANTINE FOR
MALADIE DU COÏT PLACED BY RULE 4, DATED MAY 1, 1905,
UPON PORTIONS OF THE STATES OF NEBRASKA
AND SOUTH DAKOTA.**

Effective on and after January 1, 1906.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

The fact has been determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, and notice is hereby given, that the infectious, communicable disease of horses and asses known as maladie du coït, which formerly existed in portions of the States of Nebraska and South Dakota, has ceased to exist in those States.

Now, therefore, I, JAMES WILSON, SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, under authority conferred by the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1905 (Public No. 229), do hereby remove from quarantine the following area, to-wit:

All territory situate within the boundaries of the Pine Ridge and Rosebud Indian reservations in the State of South Dakota; that portion of the counties of Custer and Fall River, in the State of South Dakota, situate east of the North branch of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway; that portion of Dawes County, in the State of Nebraska, situate east of the North branch and north of the Western branch of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway; and those portions of Sheridan and Cherry counties, in the State of Nebraska, situate north of the Western branch of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway.

Rule 4, to prevent the spread of maladie du coït, issued under date of May 1, 1905, and effective on and after June 1, 1905, is hereby revoked, such revocation to take effect on and after January 1, 1906.

Done at Washington this fifteenth day of December, 1905.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.



JAMES WILSON,
Secretary of Agriculture.

